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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/674,676	09/30/2003	Marc A. Najork	MSFT-2557/304882.01	4999
41505 7590 09/15/2008 WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP (MICROSOFT CORPORATION)		EXAMINER		
CIRA CENTRE, 12TH FLOOR			STACE, BRENT S	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/674,676	NAJORK ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		BRENT STACE	2161				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence addre	ss			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	6 June 2008					
2a)□	-	This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allo		tters, prosecution as to the m	erits is			
- / 🗀	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-6,9,10,12,14-16,19,20,22-27</u>	7.29.30.32-34.37.38 and 40-	56 is/are pending in the applic	cation.			
·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-6,9,10,12,14-16,19,20,22-27,29,30,32-34,37,38 and 40-56</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	d/or election requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 June 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen		_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Tage: Notice of Informal Patent Application							
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

1. This communication is responsive to the amendment filed January 4th, 2008. Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9, 10, 12, 14-16, 19, 20, 22-27, 29, 30, 32-34, 37, 38, and 40-56 are pending. In the amendment filed June 26th, 2008, Claims 1, 10, 12, 20, 22, 27, 29, 38, 46, 51, 53, and 55 are amended, and Claims 1, 12, 22, 29, 38, 46, 51, 53, and 55 are independent. The examiner acknowledges that no new matter was introduced.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 6/26/08 has been entered.

Response to Arguments

- 3. The Applicant's remarks filed June 26th, 2008 with respect to Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9, 10, 12, 14-16, 19, 20, 22-27, 29, 30, 32-34, 37, 38, and 40-56 contain no arguments.
- 4. The examiner has rejected the new claim limitations below.

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5. The other claims argued merely because of a dependency on a previously argued claim(s) in the arguments presented to the examiner, filed June 26th, 2008, are moot in view of the examiner's interpretation of the claims and art and are still considered rejected based on their respective rejections from at least a prior Office action (part(s) of recited again below).

Specification

6. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

7. In light of the applicant's respective arguments or respective amendments, the previous 35 USC § 101 rejections to the claims have been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of

the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

10. Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9, 10, 12, 14-16, 19, 20, 29, 30, 32-34, 37, 38, 40-45, and 51-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,485,608 (Lomet et al.) in view of "Efficient Locking for Concurrent Operations on B-Trees" (Lehman et al.).

For **Claim 1**, Lomet teaches: "A method for logging while updating...via a plurality of data transactions, [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34] comprising:

• generating at least one log entry corresponding to a data transaction of the plurality of data transactions, the data transaction to be carried out on said B-link tree, [Lomet, col. 22, lines 25-30 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37] wherein said at least one log entry includes at least one entry from an allocation layer [Lomet, col. 1, lines 65-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 38-44] and at least one entry from a B-link tree layer, [Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 38-44] wherein said at least one entry from said allocation layer is local to its corresponding computing device of a plurality of computing devices [Lomet, col. 2, lines 50-53 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 51-62] and said at least one entry from

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said B-link tree is replicated among said plurality of computing devices; [Lomet, col. 2, lines 11-16]

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- storing said at least one log entry in a partially persistent log, wherein a tail of said partially persistent log is in a memory, and said partially persistent log comprises of said memory and a persistent storage; [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37] and
- wherein a boundary between said memory and said persistent storage in said partially persistent log varies over time" [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 16, lines 23-25 see also Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51 with Lomet, col. 20, lines 20-26].

Lomet discloses the above limitations but does not expressly teach:

"...a B-link tree."

With respect to Claim 1, an analogous art, Lehman, teaches:

• "...a B-link tree" [Lehman, p. 657, section 3.3].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine Lehman with Lomet because both inventions are directed towards storing information in a database.

Lehman's invention would have been expected to successfully work well with Lomet's invention because both inventions use databases. Lomet discloses methods and an apparatus for updating information in a computer system using logs and state

identifiers comprising Rlogs, Ulogs and Alogs, however Lomet does not expressly disclose the use of a B-link-tree to store the data in the database of Lomet. Lehman discloses efficient locking for concurrent operations on B-trees comprising a B-link-tree.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to take the b-link-tree from Lehman and install it into the invention of Lomet, thereby offering the obvious advantage of a guaranteed small (average) search, insertion, and deletion time for the database of Lomet (see front page of Lehman).

Claim 2 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, further including periodically truncating the log" [Lomet, cols. 11-12, lines 60-12].

Claim 4 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, further including discarding said at least one log entry from the log when the data transaction has been carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 14, lines 9-12].

Claim 5 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, wherein said storing includes storing said at least one log entry into the log before the data transaction is carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34].

Claim 6 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, further including caching data of said data transaction before said data transaction is carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-11].

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Claim 9 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, further including maintaining a log sequence number with each of said at least one log entry, uniquely identifying said at least one log entry" [Lomet, col. 5, lines 44-52].

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Claim 10 encompasses substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claim 1, in addition to computer readable medium and some instructions for performing the method steps of Claim 1. Therefore, Claim 10 is rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claim 1.

For **Claim 12**, Lomet teaches: "A method for logging while updating via a plurality of data transactions, [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34] comprising:

e generating at least one log entry corresponding to a data transaction of the plurality of data transactions, the data transaction to be carried out on said B-link tree, [Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51] wherein said at least one log entry includes at least one entry from an allocation layer [Lomet, col. 1, lines 65-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 38-44] and at least one entry from a B-link tree layer, [Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 38-44] wherein said at least one entry from said allocation layer is local to its corresponding computing device of a plurality of computing devices [Lomet, col. 2, lines 50-53 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 51-62] and said at least one entry from said B-link tree is replicated among said plurality of computing devices; [Lomet, col. 2, lines 11-16]

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storing said at least one log entry in a partially persistent log, wherein a tail of said partially persistent log is in a memory, and said partially persistent log comprises of said memory and a persistent storage; [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37] and

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- wherein a boundary between said memory and said persistent storage in said partially persistent log varies over time [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 16, lines 23-25 see also Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51 with Lomet, col. 20, lines 20-26]
- periodically flushing data corresponding to data transactions represented by the finite log to persistent storage; [Lomet, col. 14, lines 9-17] and
- truncating said finite log in coordination with said flushing" [Lomet, col. 14, lines
 9-17].

Lomet discloses the above limitations but does not expressly teach:

"a B-link tree."

With respect to Claim 12, an analogous art, Lehman, teaches:

• "a B-link tree" [Lehman, p. 657, section 3.3].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine Lehman with Lomet because both inventions are directed towards storing information in a database.

Lehman's invention would have been expected to successfully work well with Lomet's invention because both inventions use databases. Lomet discloses methods and an apparatus for updating information in a computer system using logs and state identifiers comprising Rlogs, Ulogs and Alogs, however Lomet does not expressly disclose the use of a B-link-tree to store the data in the database of Lomet. Lehman discloses efficient locking for concurrent operations on B-trees comprising a B-link-tree.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to take the b-link-tree from Lehman and install it into the invention of Lomet, thereby offering the obvious advantage of a guaranteed small (average) search, insertion, and deletion time for the database of Lomet.

Claim 14 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 12, further including discarding said at least one log entry from the finite log when the data transaction has been carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 14, lines 9-17].

Claim 15 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 12, wherein said storing includes storing said at least one log entry into the finite log before the data transaction is carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34].

Claim 16 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 1, further including caching data of said data transaction before said data transaction is carried out on said B-link tree" [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-11].

Claim 19 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A method according to claim 12, further including maintaining a log sequence number with each of said at least one log entry, uniquely identifying said at least one log entry" [Lomet, col. 5, lines 44-52].

Claim 20 encompasses substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claim 12, in addition to computer readable medium and some instructions for performing the method steps of Claim 12. Therefore, Claim 20 is rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claim 12.

Claims 29 and 30 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 1 and 2, respectfully, in addition to a server and some actions for performing the method steps of Claims 1 and 2, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 29 and 30 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 1 and 2, respectfully.

Claims 32-34 and 37 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 4-6 and 9, respectfully, in addition to a server and some actions for performing the method steps of Claims 4-6 and 9, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 32-34 and 37 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 4-6 and 9, respectfully.

Claim 38 encompasses substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claim 12, in addition to a server and some objects for performing the method steps of Claim 12. Therefore, Claim 38 is rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claim 12.

Claims 40-42 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 14-16, respectfully, in addition to a server and some objects for performing the method steps of Claims 14-16, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 40-42 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 14-16, respectfully.

Claim 43 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A server according to claim 38, further including storing said at least one log entry in an intermediate memory previous to storing said at least one log entry in the finite storage log" [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37].

Claim 44 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Lehman) as follows: "A server according to claim 43, wherein said at least one log entry is moved from intermediate memory to the finite storage log after the data transaction commits" [Lomet, col. 16, lines 23-25 see also Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51 with Lomet, col. 20, lines 20-26].

Claim 45 encompasses substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claim 19, in addition to a server and some objects for performing the method steps of Claim 19. Therefore, Claim 45 is rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claim 19.

Claims 51 and 52 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 1 and 2, respectfully, in addition to a computing device and some means for performing the method steps of Claims 1 and 2, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 51 and 52 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 1 and 2, respectfully.

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Claims 53 and 54 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 12 and 14, respectfully, in addition to a computing device and some means for performing the method steps of Claims 12 and 14, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 53 and 54 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 12 and 14, respectfully.

11. Claims 22, 23, 26, 27, 46, 47, 50, 55 and 56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,485,608 (Lomet et al.) in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,434,994 (Shaheen et al.).

For **Claim 22**, Lomet teaches: "A method for logging while updating a data structure via a plurality of data transactions, [Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34] comprising:

- ...generating at least one log entry corresponding to a data transaction of the
 plurality of data transactions, the data transaction to be carried out on said data
 structure; [Lomet, col. 22, lines 25-30 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37] and
- ...where the single log is partitioned into an upper layer and an allocation layer, [Lomet, col. 5, lines 31-45 with Lomet, Fig. 3] ... wherein the single log includes log entries from both the upper layer and allocation layer [Lomet, col. 5, lines 15-22 with Lomet, Fig. 3]...wherein said entries from said allocation layer are local to its corresponding computing device of a plurality of computing devices [Lomet, col. 2, lines 50-53 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 51-62] and said entries from said upper layer are replicated among said plurality of computing devices; [Lomet, col. 5, lines 51-62 with Lomet, col. 2, lines 11-16] and

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wherein said single log entry is a partially persistent log, where a tail of said partially persistent log is in a memory, and said partially persistent log comprises of said memory and a persistent storage" [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 7, lines 26-34 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37].

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Lomet discloses the above limitations but does not expressly teach:

- "...replicating updates to the data structure to a first server location and a second server location;
- maintaining a single log...at each of said first and second server locations."
 With respect to Claim 22, an analogous art, Shaheen, teaches:
- "...replicating updates to the data structure to a first server location and a second server location; [Shaheen, col. 7, lines 50-55]
- maintaining a single log...at each of said first and second server locations"
 [Shaheen, col. 4, lines 62-66].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine Shaheen with Lomet because both inventions are directed towards recovering data upon failure.

Shaheen's invention would have been expected to successfully work well with Lomet's invention because both inventions use computers using logs. Lomet discloses methods and an apparatus for updating information in a computer system using logs and state identifiers comprising Rlogs, Ulogs and Alogs, however Lomet does not expressly disclose replicating data on multiple servers, or maintaining a single log on

those servers. Shaheen discloses a system and method for maintaining replicated data coherency in a data processing system comprising replicating data and logs across multiple servers.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to take the replication of data and logs across multiple servers from Shaheen and install it into the invention of Lomet, thereby offering the obvious advantage of making Lomet distributed to increase the availability and reliability of distributed systems of Lomet (Shaheen, col. 1, lines 36-39).

Claim 23 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) as follows: "A method according to claim 22, further including recovering the data structure after a failure by performing parallel recovery operations by each of said first and second server locations" [Shaheen, col. 4, lines 60-66 with Shaheen, col. 7, lines 49-57].

Claim 26 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) as follows: "A method according to claim 22, wherein the allocater layer handles at least one of (A) an allocate disk space operation, (B) a deallocate disk space operation, (C) a read from the allocated disk space operation and (D) a write to the allocated disk space operation" [Lomet, col. 5, lines 31-38].

Claim 27 encompasses substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claim 22, in addition to computer readable medium and some instructions for performing the method steps of Claim 22. Therefore, Claim 27 is rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claim 22.

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Claims 46, 47, and 50 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 22, 23, and 26, respectfully, in addition to a serer and some objects for performing the method steps of Claims 22, 23, and 26, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 46, 47, and 50 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 22, 23, and 26, respectfully. Additionally, Claim 46 has an additional limitation not found in Claim 22, but is also taught by Lomet: "wherein a boundary between said memory and said persistent storage in said partially persistent log varies over time" [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col. 12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 16, lines 23-25 see also Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51 with Lomet, col. 20, lines 20-26].

Claims 55 and 56 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 22 and 23, respectfully, in addition to a computing device and some means for performing the method steps of Claims 22 and 23, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 55 and 56 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 22 and 23, respectfully. Additionally, Claim 55 recites "wherein said entries from the upper layer are replicated to both said first server and said second server, while said entries from said allocation layer are stored locally on said first server and said second server" which is taught by [Lomet, col. 2, lines 50-53 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 51-62 with Lomet, col. 2, lines 11-16] (similar to the above claims). Also, Claim 55 recites "wherein said single log is a partially persistent log that has a boundary that changes over time between a persistent and non-persistent memory" which is taught by [Lomet, col. 4, lines 28-30 with Lomet, col. 4, lines 64-67 with Lomet, col. 5, lines 1-3 with Lomet, col.

12, lines 20-23 with Lomet, col. 19, lines 35-37 with Lomet, col. 16, lines 23-25 see also Lomet, col. 19, lines 45-51 with Lomet, col. 20, lines 20-26] (similar to the above claims).

12. Claims 24, 25, 48, and 49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,485,608 (Lomet et al.) in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,434,994 (Shaheen et al.), further in view of Efficient Locking for Concurrent Operations on B-Trees (Lehman et al.).

For Claim 24, Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) teaches: "A method according to claim 22."

Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) discloses the above limitation but does not expressly teach: "wherein said data structure is a B-link tree."

With respect to Claim 24, an analogous art, Lehman, teaches: "wherein said data structure is a B-link tree" [Lehman, p. 657, section 3.3].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine Lehman with Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) because both inventions are directed towards storing information in a database.

Lehman's invention would have been expected to successfully work well with

Lomet (as modified by Shaheen)'s invention because both inventions use databases.

Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) discloses methods and an apparatus for updating
information in a computer system using logs and state identifiers comprising Rlogs,

Ulogs and Alogs, however Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) does not expressly disclose

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the use of a B-link-tree to store the data in the database of Lomet (as modified by Shaheen). Lehman discloses efficient locking for concurrent operations on B-trees comprising a B-link-tree.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to take the b-link-tree from Lehman and install it into the invention of Lomet (as modified by Shaheen), thereby offering the obvious advantage of a guaranteed small (average) search, insertion, and deletion time for the database of Lomet (as modified by Shaheen).

Claim 25 can be mapped to Lomet (as modified by Shaheen) as follows: "A method according to claim 24, wherein the upper layer is a B-link tree layer that handles B-link tree operations" [Lomet, col. 5, lines 39-44].

Claims 48 and 49 encompass substantially the same scope of the invention as that of Claims 24 and 25, respectfully, in addition to a server and some objects for performing the method steps of Claims 24 and 25, respectfully. Therefore, Claims 48 and 49 are rejected for the same reasons as stated above with respect to Claims 24 and 25, respectfully.

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Conclusion

13. Any prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is advised that, although not used in the rejections above, prior art cited on any PTO-892 form and not relied upon is considered materially relevant to the applicant's claimed invention and/or portions of the claimed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRENT STACE whose telephone number is (571)272-8372 and fax number is 571-273-8372. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9am-5:30pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Apu M. Mofiz can be reached on 571-272-4080. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/B. S./ Examiner, Art Unit 2161

/Apu M Mofiz/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2161